UNITED
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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23131
9 October 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: SPANISH

LETTER DATED 3 OCTOBER 1991 FROM THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

With regard to my communication of 1 October, I have the honour to inform you that the ad hoc Meeting of Ministers of Foreign Affairs of the Organization which I convened pursuant to resolution CP/RES. 567 (870/91), "Support to the Democratic Government of Haiti", was held yesterday, 2 October 1991.

At the ad hoc Meeting, resolution MRE/RES.1/91 entitled "Support to the Democratic Government of Haiti" was adopted unanimously. In accordance with operative paragraph 11 of the resolution, I hereby transmit its contents to you and draw your attention and that of States Members of the United Nations to the exhortation to them contained therein.

(Signed) João Clemente BAENA SOARES

Annex

[Original: English]

AD HOC MEETING OF MINISTERS
OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
2 October 1991
Washington, D.C.

OEA/Ser.F/V.1
MRE/RES.1/91 corr.1
3 October 1991
Original: English

MRE/RES.1/91

SUPPORT TO THE DEMOCRATIC GOVERNMENT OF HAITI

THE AD HOC MEETING OF MINISTERS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS,

HAVING SEEN:

The resolution of the Permanent Council of 30 September 1991, convoking an ad hoc Meeting of Ministers of Foreign Affairs, pursuant to resolution AG/RES.1080(XXI-O/91), in response to the gravity of the events that have taken place in Haiti;

The Santiago Commitment to Democracy and the Renewal of the Inter-American System, approved at the twenty-first regular session of the General Assembly, held at Santiago, Chile, in June 1991; and

Resolution AG/RES.1117(XXI-O/91) "Support for the Democratic Process in the Republic of Haiti";

HAVING HEARD:

The statement made to this meeting by the President of Haiti, Mr. Jean-Bertrand Aristide;

REAFFIRMING:

That the true significance of American solidarity and good-neighbourliness can only mean the conslidation in this hemisphere, within the framework of democratic institutions, of a system of individual liberty and social justice based on respect for the essential rights of man;

That one of the essential purposes of the Organization of American States is to promote and consolidate representative democracy, with due respect for the principle of non-intervention; and

That the solidarity of the American States and the high aims which are sought through it require the political organization of those States on the basis of the effective exercise of representative democracy;

CONSIDERING:

That the grave events that have occurred in Haiti constitute an abrupt, violent, and irregular disruption of the legitimate exercise of power by the democratic Government of that country;

That these events represent disregard for the legitimate Government of Haiti, which was constituted by the will of its people freely expressed in a free and democratic electoral process under international observation with the participation of this organization; and

That those events have compelled President Jean-Bertrand Aristide to leave Haitian territory temporarily and against his will,

RESOLVES:

1. To reiterate the vigorous condemnation voiced by the Permanent Council of the grave events taking place in Haiti, which deny the right of its people to self-determination, and to demand full restoration of the rule of law and of constitutional order and the immediate reinstatement of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide in the exercise of his legitimate authority.

2. To request that the Secretary-General of the organization, together with a group of Ministers of Foreign Affairs of member States, go to Haiti immediately to inform those who hold power illegally that the American States reject the disruption of constitutional order and to advise them of the decisions adopted by this meeting.

3. To recognize the representatives designated by the constitutional Government of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide as the only legitimate representatives of the Government of Haiti to the organs, agencies, and entities of the inter-American system.

4. To urge the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, in response to President Jean-Bertrand Aristide's request, to take immediately all measures within its competence to protect and defend human rights in Haiti and to report thereon to the Permanent Council of the organization.

5. To recommend, with due respect for the policy of each member State on the recognition of States and Governments, action to bring about the diplomatic isolation of those who hold power illegally in Haiti.

6. To recommend to all States that they suspend their economic, financial, and commercial ties with Haiti and any aid and technical cooperation except that provided for strictly humanitarian purposes.

7. To request the Secretary-General of the organization to pursue efforts to increase the Inter-American Fund for Priority Assistance to Haiti, but to refrain from using it so long as the present situation prevails.

8. To recommend to the General Secretariat of the organization the suspension of all assistance to those who hold power illegally in Haiti and to request the regional organs and institutions, such as the Caribbean Community (CARICOM), the Inter-American Development Bank, the Inter-American Institute for Cooperation on Agriculture, and the Latin American Economic System (SELA), to adopt the same measure.

9. To urge all States to provide no military, police, or security assistance of any kind and to prevent the delivery of arms, munitions, or equipment to that country in any manner, public or private.

10. To keep open the ad hoc Meeting of Ministers of Foreign Affairs to receive, with the urgency that this situation demands, the report of the Mission referred to in operative paragraph 2 of this resolution and to adopt, in accordance with the Charter of the OAS and international law, any additional measures that may be necessary and appropriate to ensure the immediate reinstatement of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide to the exercise of his legitimate authority.

11. To transmit this resolution to the United Nations and its specialized agencies and to urge them to consider its spirit and aims.

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9 October 1991
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ORIGINAL: SPANISH

LETTER DATED 8 OCTOBER 1991 FROM THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN STATES ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

I am pleased to inform you that the ad hoc Meeting of Ministers of Foreign Affairs met again today and adopted resolution MRE/RES.2/91 entitled "Support for democracy in Haiti".

I hereby draw the attention of the United Nations to the text of the resolution, which I attach, and in particular to operative paragraph III.4, which requests the States Members of that Organization to adopt the same measures as those agreed by the American States.

(Signed) João Clemente BAENA SOARES
Secretary-General

Annex

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

AD HOC MEETING OF MINISTERS
OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS
2 October 1991
Washington, D.C.

OEA/SER.F/V.1
MRE/RES.2/91
8 October 1991
Original: Spanish

MRE/RES.2/91

SUPPORT FOR DEMOCRACY IN HAITI

THE AD HOC MEETING OF MINISTERS OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS,

HAVING SEEN resolution MRE/RES.1/91 "Support for the Democratic Government of Haiti" and the report of the mission designated in operative paragraph 2 of said resolution, and the request presented by the President of Haiti, Jean-Bertrand Aristide, in his letter of 7 October 1991 (MRE/doc.3/91) to the Secretary General,

CONSIDERING:

That the crisis in Haiti has become more serious and that, consequently, it is necessary to adopt additional measures in accordance with operative paragraph 10 of resolution MRE/RES.1/91, and

The request received from President Jean-Bertrand Aristide to have the Organization, through a civilian mission, establish a presence in Haiti in order to contribute to the solution of the crisis in the country.

RESOLVES:

I

1. To reiterate resolution MRE/RES.1/91 "Support for the Democratic Government of Haiti", particularly with regard to the restoration of the exercise of the legitimate authority of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide, and to the need to restore constitutional order, and to maintain the measures adopted in that resolution.

2. To strongly condemn the use of violence and military coercion and the decision to replace illegally the constitutional President of Haiti Jean-Bertrand Aristide.

3. To declare that no government that may result from this illegal situation will be accepted and, consequently, to declare that no representative of such government will be accepted.

/...

4. To urge the Member States to proceed immediately to freeze the assets of the Haitian State and to impose a trade embargo on Haiti, except for humanitarian aid. All humanitarian assistance must be channelled through international agencies or non-governmental organizations.

II

1. To accede to the request of President Jean-Bertrand Aristide that a civilian mission be constituted to re-establish and strengthen constitutional democracy in Haiti (OEA-DEMOC), which should go to that country in order to facilitate the re-establishment and strengthening of democratic institutions, the full force and effect of the Constitution, respect for the human rights of all Haitians, and to support the administration of justice and the adequate functioning of all the institutions that will make it possible to achieve these objectives. The Mission must have the guarantees that are indispensable for the security of its members.

2. To entrust to the Secretary-General the organization of OEA-DEMOC and to finance it by means of a special fund. To urge Member States, Permanent Observers and the international community to make urgent contributions to the accomplishment of that mission.

III

1. To request the Secretary-General to keep the Ministers of Foreign Affairs informed, through the Permanent Council, on the effectiveness of the measures adopted so that they may decide on any further measures that may be necessary.

2. To request the Secretary-General also to report on the activities of the Mission OEA-DEMOC.

3. To request the Secretary-General to keep open channels of communication with the democratically constituted political institutions and other sectors in Haiti in order to facilitate dialogue with a view to ensuring the modalities and guarantees that will make it possible for President Jean-Bertrand Aristide to return to office.

4. To transmit this resolution to the United Nations and to request its Member States to adopt the same measures agreed upon by the American States.

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10 October 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC

LETTER DATED 9 OCTOBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF IRAQ TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

On instructions from my Government, I have the honour to inform you that United States aircraft continue to violate Iraqi airspace as follows:

1. On 6/7 October 1991, United States air activity amounted to 37 sorties flown by 17 two-aircraft formations and three solo aircraft at speeds of 600 to 840 kilometres per hour and at altitudes ranging from 2,000 to 8,000 metres.

2. Air activity was concentrated over Dohuk, Mosul, Arbil, Zakho, Amadiyah and Tall'afar, for purposes of surveillance and provocation.

3. At 1536 hours, two F-16 aircraft flew over Faruq airfield at a speed of 500 kilometres per hour and at an altitude of 200 metres.

4. At 1630 hours, two F-16 aircraft flew over Faruq airfield at a speed of 750 kilometres per hour and at an altitude of 700 metres.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Abdul Amir A. AL-ANBARI
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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S/23134
11 October 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Belgium, France, Romania, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and United States of America: draft resolution

The Security Council,

Recalling its resolutions 687 (1991) of 3 April 1991 and 707 (1991) of 15 August 1991, and its other resolutions on this matter,

Recalling in particular that under resolution 687 (1991) the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency were requested to develop plans for future ongoing monitoring and verification, and to submit them to the Security Council for approval,

Taking note of the report and note of the Secretary-General, 1/ (S/22871/Rev.1 and S/22872/Rev.1), transmitting the plans submitted by the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency,

Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

1. Approves, in accordance with the provisions of resolutions 687 (1991), 707 (1991) and the present resolution, the plans submitted by the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency; 1/

2. Decides that the Special Commission shall carry out the plan submitted by the Secretary-General, 2/ as well as continuing to discharge its other responsibilities under resolutions 687 (1991), 699 (1991) and 707 (1991) and performing such other functions as are conferred upon it under the present resolution;

1/ S/22871/Rev.1 and S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1.

2/ S/22871/Rev.1.

3. Requests the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to carry out, with the assistance and cooperation of the Special Commission, the plan submitted by him 3/ and to continue to discharge his other responsibilities under resolutions 687 (1991), 699 (1991) and 707 (1991);

4. Decides that the Special Commission, in the exercise of its responsibilities as a subsidiary organ of the Security Council, shall:

(a) Continue to have the responsibility for designating additional locations for inspection and overflights;

(b) Continue to render assistance and cooperation to the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency, by providing him by mutual agreement with the necessary special expertise and logistical, informational and other operational support for the carrying out of the plan submitted by him;

(c) Perform such other functions, in cooperation in the nuclear field with the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency, as may be necessary to coordinate activities under the plans approved by the present resolution, including making use of commonly available services and information to the fullest extent possible, in order to achieve maximum efficiency and optimum use of resources;

5. Demands that Iraq meet unconditionally all its obligations under the plans approved by the present resolution and cooperate fully with the Special Commission and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency in carrying out the plans;

6. Decides to encourage the maximum assistance, in cash and in kind, from all Member States to support the Special Commission and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency in carrying out their activities under the plans approved by the present resolution, without prejudice to Iraq's liability for the full costs of such activities;

7. Requests the Committee established under resolution 661 (1990), the Special Commission and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to develop in cooperation a mechanism for monitoring any future sales or supplies by other countries to Iraq of items relevant to the implementation of section C of resolution 687 (1991) and other relevant resolutions, including the present resolution and the plans approved hereunder;

8. Requests the Secretary-General and the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency to submit to the Security Council reports on the implementation of the plans approved by the present resolution, when

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3/ S/22872/Rev.1 and Corr.1.

requested by the Security Council and in any event at least every six months after the adoption of this resolution;

9. Decides to remain seized of the matter.

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S/23135
10 October 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC

LETTER DATED 10 OCTOBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF IRAQ TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

On instructions from my Government, I wish to inform you that United States aircraft continue to violate Iraqi airspace, as follows:

I

1. On 7/8 October 1991, United States air activity inside Iraqi airspace amounted to 26 sorties flown by 13 two-aircraft formations at a speed of 600 to 900 kilometres per hour and at altitudes of 2,000 to 6,500 metres. Air activity was concentrated over the areas of Mosul, Dohuk, Arbil, Zakho, Amadiyah and Rawanduz and was for the purpose of observation and provocation.

2. At 1025 hours on the same day, two F-16s overflew Faruq airfield at a speed of 500 kilometres per hour at an altitude of 200 metres. At 1405 hours, two F-111s overflew the same airport at a speed of 500 kilometres per hour and at an altitude of 200 metres.

II

1. On 8/9 October 1991, United States aircraft continued to violate Iraqi airspace for the purpose of observation and provocation by means of 26 sorties flown by 12 two-aircraft formations and two single aircraft at a speed of 600 to 900 kilometres per hour and at altitudes of 2,000 to 5,500 metres. The flights were concentrated over the areas of Mosul, Arbil, Rawanduz, Dohuk, Dukan, Zakho and Tall'afar.

2. At 1205 hours on the same day, a formation consisting of two F-111s overflew Faruq airfield at an altitude of 500 metres and at a speed of 500 kilometres per hour.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Abdul Amir A. AL-ANBARI
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

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General Assembly Security Council

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GENERAL

A/46/559
S/23136
10 October 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-sixth session
Agenda item 68
REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE
DECLARATION ON THE STRENGTHENING
OF INTERNATIONAL SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-sixth year

Letter dated 10 October 1991 from the Permanent Representatives of Hungary and Poland to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

We have the honour to transmit the text of the statement by the Prime Minister of the Republic of Poland and the Prime Minister of the Republic of Hungary on the continuation of attacks against the Republic of Croatia and in particular against her capital, Zagreb, by the federal armed forces (People's Army of Yugoslavia) (see annex).

We should be grateful if you would have the text of the present letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 68, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Robert MROZIEWICZ
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
of the Republic of Poland
to the United Nations

(Signed) André ERDOS
Ambassador
Permanent Representative
of the Republic of Hungary
to the United Nations

Annex

Statement by the Prime Minister of the Republic of Poland and the Prime Minister of the Republic of Hungary on the continuation of attacks against the Republic of Croatia and in particular against her capital, Zagreb, by the federal armed forces (People's Army of Yugoslavia) issued at Warsaw on 8 October 1991

1. The armed activity of the federal armed forces on the territory of Croatia and the aggression against Croatia are acts prohibited under international law, particularly by the Charter of the United Nations.

2. Croatia is suffering from a massive and grave violation of the laws relating to armed conflicts.

3. The armed conflict on the territory of Croatia does not constitute an internal affair, but rather an armed action against aspirations of nations based on their right to self-determination. Self-determination means the right to statehood, to autonomy, as well as the guaranteeing of the rights of minorities.

4. The Prime Ministers demand an immediate cessation of the fighting, and the observation of the cease-fire. In their view, international peace-keeping forces should be dispatched to the territory of Croatia. The Prime Ministers are of the opinion that the United Nations Security Council, the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe, the European Community, the Hexagonale and other competent organizations should take immediate and effective steps to achieve a cessation of armed actions and the implementation of the right to self-determination. They deem it proper to hold an urgent meeting of the United Nations Security Council.

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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23137
11 October 1991

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

Draft resolution

The Security Council,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 8 October 1991 on his mission of good offices in Cyprus, 1/

Noting with satisfaction the progress made in preparing a set of ideas as the basis for arriving at an agreed overall framework agreement on Cyprus,

Noting with concern the difficulties encountered in completing this work,

Regretting that it was not possible to convene the high-level international meeting foreseen in the statement by the President of the Security Council of 28 June 1991, 2/

1. Commends the Secretary-General for his efforts during the past few months and endorses his report and observations;

2. Reaffirms its previous resolutions on Cyprus;

3. Reaffirms its position on the Cyprus question, expressed most recently in resolution 649 (1990) and in line with the 1977 and 1979 high-level agreements between the parties in Cyprus, that the fundamental principles of a Cyprus settlement are the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and non-alignment of the Republic of Cyprus; the exclusion of union in whole or in part with any other country and any form of partition or secession; and the establishment of a new constitutional arrangement for Cyprus that would ensure the well-being and security of the Greek Cypriot and Turkish Cypriot communities in a bi-communal and bi-zonal federation;

1/ S/23121.

2/ S/22744.

4. Reaffirms that its position on the solution to the Cyprus problem is based on one State of Cyprus comprising two politically equal communities as defined by the Secretary-General in the eleventh paragraph of annex I to his report dated 8 March 1990; 3/

5. Calls upon the parties to adhere fully to these principles and to negotiate within the framework of them without introducing concepts that are at variance with them;

6. Reaffirms that the Secretary-General's mission of good offices is with the two communities whose participation in the process is on an equal footing;

7. Endorses the Secretary-General's intention to resume discussions in early November with the two parties in Cyprus and Greece and Turkey to complete the set of ideas on an overall framework agreement;

8. Considers that convening a high-level international meeting chaired by the Secretary-General in which the two communities and Greece and Turkey would participate represents an effective mechanism for concluding an overall framework agreement on Cyprus;

9. Requests the leaders of the two communities and Greece and Turkey to cooperate fully with the Secretary-General and his representatives so that the high-level international meeting can be convened before the end of this year;

10. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the Security Council in November 1991 whether sufficient progress has been made to convene the high-level international meeting and, should conditions not be ripe, to convey to the Council the set of ideas as they will have evolved by that time with his assessment of the situation.

3/ S/21183.

UNITED
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Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/23138
12 October 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC

LETTER DATED 11 OCTOBER 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE OF IRAQ TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

On instructions from my Government, I have the honour to inform you that United States aircraft continue to violate Iraqi airspace, as follows:

1. On 9/10 October 1991: 30 sorties flown by 15 two-aircraft formations and two flown by single aircraft at speeds of 600 to 840 km/h and at altitudes of 1,500 to 6,000 metres.

2. Flights were for the purpose of observation and provocation and were chiefly centred over the areas of Mosul, Arbil, Dohuk, Amadiyah, Tall'afar, Rawanduz, Zakho and to the north of Dukan.

I should be grateful if you would have this letter circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Abdul Amir A. AL-ANBARI
Ambassador
Permanent Representative